



# Neue Plagiaterkennung für Open Access Publikationen

## Open-Access-Tage Göttingen 2010

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## Motivation

- Plagiaterkennungsservice für OA Daten Provider
- Verhinderung von Plagiaten in OA Repositorien
- Erhöhung der Qualität von OA Publikationen
- Bewusstsein gegen plagierte Texte schärfen

## Methodik

- Erstellung Plagiatsucheindex über alle verfügbaren OA Dokumente
- Agieren als Service Provider zur Plagiatsuche
- Generierung von Prüfereports von OA Dokumenten
- Reportvorlage von **Docoloc**, angepasst für Open Access

Gefördert durch



## Technische Probleme

- Maximaler Dokumentenkörper
  - Kompletter und korrekter Text bis zum letzten Byte
  - Duplikate von Dokumenten
  - Zitat oder nicht Zitat
- } Traditionelle Suchmaschinen enthalten nur relativ kleine Teile

## Soziale Aspekte

- Eigener Text? Doppelte Ablage oder Eigenplagiat?
- Erkennung von Texten eines Mitautors
- Gleicher Text in anderen Sätzen (Wörterumstellung)
- Gleiche Satzfragmente in anderem Text (false positiv)

- **Freier und strukturierter Zugriff auf gefundene Quellen**
- **Benutzung von optimiertem Index**
- **Benutzung von Metadaten, um den Nutzen des Reports zu steigern**
  - Autoreninformationen
  - Dokumenttyp
  - Repository
  - Publikationsdatum

## V.0.8 Metadata Harvesting (OAI-PMH)

- URL, Autor(en), Titel, Erscheinungsdatum, Serie (Publisher), Repository URL, Repository Name
- Art der Veröffentlichung, Format, Sprache, Identifizier (des Repositories), DOI, Größe

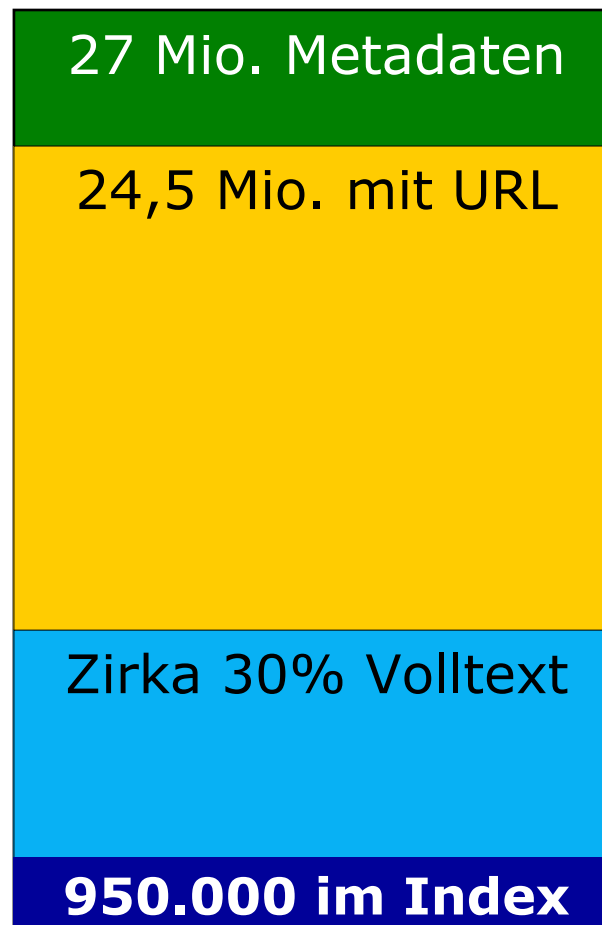


V.0.9 **Wikipedias, OA-Verlage, SpiegelOnline Archiv etc.**

V.1.0 **Webcrawler, der alle plagiatsrelevanten Dokumente erfasst, die „Open Access“ haben**

V.1.n **Closed Access Dokumente?**

# Snapshot 04.10.2010



# Beispiel Report



Q.41 - Datennetze

### Herkunftsreport

09.04.2019

Titel: testdoc.doc  
Autor: Jens Brandt  
Überprüfter Dokument: /my/www/databloc.de/mass/dam-lib/oaps/tmp/testdoc.doc.pdf  
Überprüft am: Mon, 4. Feb 2019 16:49:14 CEST

ES wurden insgesamt 60 Textstellen überprüft. Davon wurden 19 Textstellen (21,7%) in anderen Dokumenten gefunden. Die kritischen Textstellen wurden in der folgenden Dokumentenvorschau **hellblau** markiert. Die Markierungen können angeklickt werden und zeigen daraufhin maximal 6 gefundene Quellen.

### Referenzdokumente

Die folgende Übersicht ist gegliedert nach den Titeln der gefundenen Dokumente. Durch einen Klick auf „X Stellen“ werden die speziellen Stellen im Dokument in der Farbe **blau** hervorgehoben und direkt zur ersten Stelle gescrollt. Ein erneuter Klick auf „X Stellen“ setzt die Markierungen wieder zurück.

3 Stellen wurden gefunden in einer Textvorlage mit dem Titel: „**A Correlation Study on a Predictor Variable for Monitoring Progress of PTB Patients**“; zu finden unter: [http://papers.un.edu.my/995/1/09b-Omar\\_and\\_Norica\\_and\\_Shee-Lee\\_Teng1163.pdf](http://papers.un.edu.my/995/1/09b-Omar_and_Norica_and_Shee-Lee_Teng1163.pdf)

9 Stellen wurden gefunden in einer Textvorlage mit dem Titel: „**Workshop on Banking and Finance in an Integrating Europe**“; zu finden unter: <http://www.econsonline.com/doku.php?id=2008:Volume2:88-08:000134.pdf>

2 Stellen wurden gefunden in einer Textvorlage mit dem Titel: „**End-perman mass extinction pattern in the northern Peri-Gondwanan region**“; zu finden unter: <http://dx.doi.org/10.1007/s10054-009-0134-2>

1 Stelle wurde gefunden in einer Textvorlage mit dem Titel: „**On Admission Control for Ad Networks Based on Probing**“; zu finden unter: [http://db.in.tum.de/oc/opus/volltexte/2006/403/pdf/04201\\_abstracts\\_collection\\_503.pdf](http://db.in.tum.de/oc/opus/volltexte/2006/403/pdf/04201_abstracts_collection_503.pdf)

1 Stelle wurde gefunden in einer Textvorlage mit dem Titel: „**D4201 Abstracts Collection -- Content Distribution Infrastructures**“; zu finden unter: [http://opus.dagstuhl.de/opus/volltexte/2006/403/pdf/04201\\_abstracts\\_collection\\_503.pdf](http://opus.dagstuhl.de/opus/volltexte/2006/403/pdf/04201_abstracts_collection_503.pdf)

1 Stelle wurde gefunden in einer Textvorlage mit dem Titel: „**ATP-dependent nucleosome disruption at a heat-shock promoter mediated by binding of GAGA transcription factor**“; zu finden unter: [http://pubs.lib.utcm.edu/etd/etd-06738571/atp-dependent\\_nucleosome\\_disruption\\_7385.pdf](http://pubs.lib.utcm.edu/etd/etd-06738571/atp-dependent_nucleosome_disruption_7385.pdf)

1 Stelle wurde gefunden in einer Textvorlage mit dem Titel: „**Self-Organizing Wireless Sensor Networks For Inter-Vehicle Communication**“; zu finden unter: <http://hh.diva-portal.org/smash/get/diva2/2374968/FILETEXT01>

1 Stelle wurde gefunden in einer Textvorlage mit dem Titel: „**Arabic-speakers in Norman Sicily**“; zu finden unter: [http://etheses.whiterose.ac.uk/43771/vol\\_11/ethos\\_443631.pdf](http://etheses.whiterose.ac.uk/43771/vol_11/ethos_443631.pdf)

1 Stelle wurde gefunden in einer Textvorlage mit dem Titel: „**Ombudsman urges MPs about need to improve Ukraine's human rights record**“; zu finden unter: <http://pdf.cer.hu/achiva/0001081/01/18.pdf>

1 Stelle wurde gefunden in einer Textvorlage mit dem Titel: „**Defining Software Configuration Management for Product Development**“; zu finden unter: <http://hh.tkk.fi/opi/2008/urn01267.pdf>

1 Stelle wurde gefunden in einer Textvorlage mit dem Titel: „**Algebraic approach to discrete-time polynomial spectral factorization**“; zu finden unter: <https://www.math.uic.edu/~indracach/papers/2004/3975-1/paper2004-8.pdf>

1 Stelle wurde gefunden in einer Textvorlage mit dem Titel: „**How Banking Competition changed over Time**“; zu finden unter: <http://igtur-archiv.library.uu.nl/CTV/2008-1123-200512/08-04.pdf>

Nachfolgend der geprüfte Textauszug des Dokuments:

## Plagiarism detection with OAPS

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**Abstract**—Digital video streaming has attracted large interest in research as well as in commercial areas in recent years. The evolution of digital video coding and networked Internet access enables a large number of users to access high quality video streams with several devices varying from mobile phones to notebooks. However, digital video streaming still has high resource requirements concerning the transmission and decoding of the streams. Especially mobile devices often cannot comply with such resource demands. However, few literature present approach to deal with proxy compression for group communications. Motivated by above mentioned, we present a group-based proxy compression scheme for group communications in this paper.

### 1. Introduction

Because DTNs is a multi-hop architecture, So when two nodes want to communicate with each other, first one node sets up a TCP connection to the other by using a TCP connection. Typically by using reverse of operation system, for TCP it usually a well-known port is 4556. The way of setup connection is implementation dependent, because the nodes in DTNs have different network conditions, so some nodes keep the connection as long as possible while the other may set up connections only when there are bundles which need to send.

At the hand transcription factors and RNA polymerase II are defined as the chromatin assembly factors (unpublished observations), the inclusion of these components may be necessary to reconstruct the whole hypersensitive structure stability.

We employed a Microstrip-to-CPW-to-Microstrip transition and via holes to transfer the current from the top to the bottom substrate layer and vice versa. The presented phase shifter is operating in a wide bandwidth between 5 and 17.2 GHz, with low insertion loss and reflection coefficient. Because the input and output microstrip lines are on the same layer, the presented phase shifter is suitable for a monolithic class of feeding networks for phased antenna arrays. Due to the characteristics of vanadium-doped capacitor known as varactor in Langmuir dielectric resonators dielectric properties for better results.

### 2. Antennas and Network Structures

Various studies of throughput and channel utilization for wireless ad hoc networks have identified the limits of sensor networks due to asymmetric channels, mobility interference, high traffic density, and unreliable communication patterns. To minimize such problems, mechanisms for contention have been introduced to notify neighbors of a node's intention to send a message. Given a mesh network, our goal is therefore to identify a set of maximal concurrent transmission sets whose union contains all the nodes in the network.

By assigning one time slot to each of these sets, a node schedule can be created, maximizing throughput and ensuring that each node gets its transmit. This schedule is then repeated.

Five years after the formal establishment of the Single Market for Financial Services in the European Union, it is time to evaluate the degree and significance of integration in Europe's banking and financial markets. Over the last few years, research on banking and finance in that integrating Europe has gradually gained momentum. Much of this research underlines the need for an overview of the impact of the single market on the structure and role of banks and financial markets.

Despite many QoS aware MAC protocols that have been proposed for wireless ad hoc networks in general and sensor networks in particular, there still exist issues that need to be solved. No protocols consider the issue of reduction in data redundancy and the energy delay trade-offs in real-time applications. The files were scanned and the digital images were converted to data distributions using the histogram curve. The success for each exposure was determined using the crosshairs. The last occurrence of many brachyopods and gastropods are separately before the PTB in the Qiang and Tabeiou regions in the NE. Emergent area in southern Tibet. We interpret that the more disappearance of many PTBensis benthic taxa (notably brachyopods) may be related to facies changes and possibly preservational aspects (unpublished small brachyopods are found only on below the top of the Nanshouloans Member). <http://www.researchgate.net/publication/312009543-End-perman-mass-extinction-pattern-in-the-northern-Peri-Gondwanan-region>

**References**  
[1] <http://www.researchgate.net/publication/312009543-End-perman-mass-extinction-pattern-in-the-northern-Peri-Gondwanan-region>  
[2] <http://www.researchgate.net/publication/312009543-End-perman-mass-extinction-pattern-in-the-northern-Peri-Gondwanan-region>

Our algorithm to bridge client server nodes in a distributed way that we cannot ignore global requirements such as a minimum number of servers. For example, for redundancy reasons, a minimum of two servers is advisable for games in mobile ad-hoc networks. However, there may be situations of high mobility where you want to keep more than two servers at the same. On the other hand, a single game server can also be useful if only one player node has sufficient resources to host the game server as the alternative is not to allow the game to be playable.

The problems above are possibly due to attempts at using good values to describe a complicated system. Specifically, several different (NTS, case, permission) may look alike in the film. Further, the bands may be subject to varying. Occasionally the problem of 'water' in the bag may occur. At such RS, RT, and RF is not likely to be able to account for the complex situation stated above.

Identify applicable groups here. If no groups, blank the text box. (optional)



# Vielen Dank! Fragen?



Q.41 - Datennetze

Open Access PlagiatSuche

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